Coatings for Industry, Inc.



#### **Urethabond 111 Clear Part A**

## 1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier: Urethabond 111 Clear Part A
Common Name: Polyester Polyol Mixture

 SDS Number:
 139

 Revision Date:
 5/4/2015

Version: 1

Chemical Family: Polyester Polyol

Supplier Details: Coatings for Industry, Inc. 319 Township Line Road Souderton, PA 18964

Emergency: Infotrac

Contact: USA: 1-800-535-5053 / International :352-323-3500

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 215-723-0919

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 215-723-0911

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 cs@cficoatings.com

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## 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### Classification of the substance or mixture

## GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS):

Health, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation, 1 Physical, Flammable Liquids, 3 Health, Carcinogenicity, 2

### GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

**GHS Signal Word: DANGER** 

### **GHS Hazard Pictograms:**







## **GHS Hazard Statements:**

H318 - Causes serious eye damage H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

### **GHS Precautionary Statements:**

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/light/equipment.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303+361+353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P305+351+338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with existing federasl, state and local environmental control laws.

Coatings for Industry, Inc.



#### **Urethabond 111 Clear Part A**

3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients:

Cas# % Chemical Name

0 50-60% Polyester Polyol

108-65-6 22-26% 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate

763-69-9 10-20% Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester

1330-20-7 0.5-3.5% Xylene (mixed isomers)

100-41-4 0.5-3.5% Ethyl benzene

4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Give oxygen or artificail respiration if needed. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing and footwear immediately, and wash before reuse. Discard clothing and footwear

which cannot be decontaminated.

Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting eyelids occasionally to facilitate

rrigation.

Get medical attention.

**Ingestion:** If ingested, do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention.

5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point: 108 F. (42.2 C)
Flash Point Method: Tag Closed Cup

**LEL:** PMA 1.3%; EEP 1.05%; Xylene 1.0%

**UEL:** PMA 13.1%; EEP Not Determined; Xylene 7.0%

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

Full emergency equipment with self contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing should be worn by fire fighters. During a fire, irritating and/or toxic gases and smoke (see reactivity data) may be present from decomposition/combustion. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Closed container may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Use cold water to cool fire exposed containers to minimize risk of rupture. Solvent vapors may be heavier than air. Stagnant air may cause vapors to accumulate and travel along the ground to an ignition source which may result in a flash back to the source of the vapors.

**Extinguishing Media:** Dry chemical; carbon dioxide; foam; water spray for large fires.

6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### Spill or Leak Procedures:

Evacuate nonessential personnel. Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate the area.

Equip clean up crew with appropriate protective equipment (see employee protection recommendations). Soak up in absorbent material such as sand, vermiculite, fuller's earth, and collect material in suitable containers.

## **Waste Disposal Method:**

Waste may be incinerated or disposed of in accordance with federal, state, and local environmental control regulations. Empty containers must be handled with care due to product residue and combustible solvent vapor. Do not heat or cut empty container with electric or gas torch.

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#### **Urethabond 111 Clear Part A**

7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling Precautions:** Handling precautions:

Material is combustible - keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Take precautions against the buildup of electrostatic charges. Store in tightly closed containers to prevent moisture contamination. Practice caution and good personal cleanliness to avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing

vapors.

Note: Two component system- the cautions and hazards of both components apply to combined product

when mixed.

Storage Requirements: Storage Temperature (min/max) : 32° F. (0 C)/122° F. (50 C)

Shelf Life: Two years, if unopened.

Special sensitivity:

Material is hygroscopic and may absorb small amount of atmospheric moisture. Containers should be

tightly closed to prevent contamination with foreign materials and moisture.

### 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Engineering Controls:** 

Exhaust ventilation sufficient to keep the airborne concentrations of the solvents in the workplace below their respective TLVs.

Respirator that is recommended or approved for use in organic vapor containing environments (air purifying or fresh air supplied) may be necessary. In spray applications an organic vapor/particulate respirator or air supplied air unit is necessary. The use of a positive pressure supplied air respirator is mandatory when; airborne concentrations are not known; when levels are 10 times the appropriate TLV; or if spraying is performed in a confined space or area with limited ventilation. Take into account other materials being used concurrently, the type of application and environmental concentrations when selecting a respirator. Observe OSHA regulations for respirator use (29 CFR 1910.134).

Personal Protective Equipment:

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching gloves outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. Full contact Material: butyl-rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.3 mm Break through time: > 480 min Material tested:Butoject (KCL 897 / Aldrich Z677647, Size M) Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.4 mm Break through time: 79 min Material tested:Camatril (KCL 730 / Aldrich Z677442, Size M) data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374 If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

Eye protection: Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin and body protection: impervious clothing, Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Hygiene measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate (108-65-6) [24.3%]

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### **Urethabond 111 Clear Part A**

TWA 50 ppm USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester (763-69-9) [14.3%]: no data available

Xylene (mixed isomers) (1330-20-7) [3.5%]

TWA 100 ppm USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1

435 mg/m3 Limits for Air Contaminants

TWA 100 ppm USA. OSHA - TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants -

435 mg/m3 1910.1000

STEL 150 ppm USA. OSHA - TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants -

655 mg/m3 1910.1000

TWA 100 ppm USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

434 mg/m3

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

STEL 150 ppm USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

651 ma/m3

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

TWA 100 ppm USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

Eye & Upper Respiratory Tract irritation Central Nervous System impairment Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI section) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

STEL 150 ppm USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

Eye & Upper Respiratory Tract irritation Central Nervous System impairment Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI section) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

TWA 100 ppm USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1

435 mg/m3 Limits for Air Contaminants

The value in mg/m3 is approximate.

TWA 100 ppm USA. OSHA - TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants -

435 mg/m3 1910.1000

STEL 150 ppm USA. OSHA - TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants -

655 mg/m3 1910.1000

### Ethyl benzene (100-41-4) [3.5%]

TWA 100 ppm USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

Central Nervous System impairment Upper Respiratory Tract irritation Eye irritation Adopted values or notations enclosed are those for which changes are proposed in the NIC See Notice of Intended Changes (NIC) Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI section) Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans

STEL 125 ppm USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

Central Nervous System impairment Upper Respiratory Tract irritation Eye irritation Adopted values or notations enclosed are those for which changes are proposed in the NIC See Notice of Intended

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### **Urethabond 111 Clear Part A**

Changes (NIC) Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI section) Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans

TWA 100 ppm USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits

435 mg/m3

ST 125 ppm USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits

545 mg/m3

TWA 100 ppm USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z- 1

435 mg/m3 Limits for Air Contaminants

The value in mg/m3 is approximate.

TWA 100 ppm USA. OSHA - TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants -

435 mg/m3 1910.1000

STEL 125 ppm USA. OSHA - TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants -

545 mg/m3 1910.1000

9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Clear

Physical State: Liquid Odor: solvent odor

Spec Grav./Density: 1.1 Solubility: Resin-Insoluble; PMA-5.9%; EEP-2.9%; J

 Vapor Pressure:
 PMA : 3.7 mm Hg. @ 20° C; EEP : 1.1 mm
 Percent Volatile:
 By Volume: 35%

 Flash Point:
 Flash Point:
 108 F. (42.2 C) TCC.

**VOC:** Part A: 481g/l; When mixed with PartB:

10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Stability:** Product is stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: Heat, flames and sparks

Materials to Avoid: Oxidizing agents, Reducing agents, Peroxides, Phosphorus compounds

Hazardous Decomposition: By Fire and Thermal Decomposition: Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen

(NOx), dense black smoke., Other undetermined compounds

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate (108-65-6) [24.3%]

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity:

Oral LD50: (Rat) 6,190mg/kg

Inhalation LC50: (Rat, 6hr) >4345ppm Dermal LD50: (Rabbit) > 5,000 mg/kg

Other information on acute toxicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation: (Rabbit, 24hr) No skin irritation Serious eye damage/eye irritation: (Rabbit) Very Slight

Respiratory or skin sensitisation: Maximisation Test - guinea pig - Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

Germ cell mutagenicity: no data available

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#### **Urethabond 111 Clear Part A**

Carcinogenicity:

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity: no data available

Teratogenicity: Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Globally Harmonized System): no data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Globally Harmonized System): no data available

Aspiration hazard: no data available

Potential health effects: Inhalation May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation. Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed. Skin May be harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation. Eyes May cause eye irritation.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

Synergistic effects: no data available

Additional Information: RTECS: Al8925000

### Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester (763-69-9) [14.3%]

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity:

Oral LD50: (Rat male) > 5,000 mg/kg Oral LD50: (Rat female) 4,309 mg/kg

Inhalation LC50: (Rat male 6h) > 998 ppm (highest concentration tested)

Dermal LD50: (Rabbit male) 4,080 mg/kg LD50 Dermal: (Rabbit female) 4,680 mg/kg

Other information on acute toxicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation: (Rabbit) No skin irritation - 4 h - OECD Test Guideline 404

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: (Rabbit) No eye irritation - 24 h - OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitisation: guinea pig - Does not cause skin sensitisation. - OECD Test Guideline 406 Germ cell mutagenicity: Genotoxicity in vitro - S. typhimurium - with and without metabolic activation - negative

### Carcinogenicity:

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity: no data available

Teratogenicity: no data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Globally Harmonized System): no data available Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Globally Harmonized System): no data available

Aspiration hazard: no data available

Potential health effects: Inhalation May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation. Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed. Skin May be harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation. Eyes May cause eye irritation.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: Nausea, Headache, Vomiting, Central nervous system depression, Dizziness

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Synergistic effects: no data available

Additional Information:

Repeated dose toxicity - rat - male and female - Oral - No observed adverse effect level - 1,000 mg/kg RTECS: UF3325000

### Xylene (mixed isomers) (1330-20-7) [3.5%]

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity:

Oral LD50: (Rat) 4300 mg/kg

Inhalation LC50: (Rat, male, 4hr) 29.091mg/l (EU method B.2)

Dermal LD50: (Rabbit, male) >4400mg/kg

Other information on acute toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation: (Rabbit, 24hr) irritating

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Causes eye irritation Respiratory or skin sensitization: no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity: Ames: negative (Salmonella typhimurium, Metabolic Activation: with/without)

Carcinogenicity:

IARC: 2B - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans (Ethylbenzene)

IARC: 3 - Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (Xylene)

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by

NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity: Two-generation study, Inhalative, daily, (rat, male/female) NOAEL (parental): 500, NOAEL (F1): > 500, NOAEL (F2): > 500 No toxicity to reproduction

Teratogenicity: rat, female, inhalation, gestation days 9-14, 24 hrs/day, NOAEL (teratogenicity): > 230 ppm, NOAEL (maternal): > 230 ppm No Teratogenic effects observed at doses tested.rat, female, inhalation, gestation days 6-20, 6 hours/day, NOAEL (teratogenicity): > 8.684 mg/l, NOAEL (maternal): 2.171 mg/l, No Teratogenic effects observed at doses tested.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Globally Harmonized System): no data available Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Globally Harmonized System): no data available Aspiration hazard: no data available

Potential health effects: Inhalation May be harmful if inhaled. Causes respiratory tract irritation. Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed. Skin Causes skin irritation. Eyes Causes eye irritation.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

Synergistic effects: no data available

Additional Information:

RTECS: Not available

## Ethyl benzene (100-41-4) [3.5%]

Information on toxicological effects

Coatings for Industry, Inc.



#### **Urethabond 111 Clear Part A**

Acute toxicity:

Oral LD50: (Rat) 3500mg/kg

Inhalation LC50: (Rat, 2 hr) 5500mg/m3 Dermal LD50 (Rabbit) 15,433 mg/kg

Other information on acute toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation: Draize, mild skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: (Rabbit) Draize, severely irritating

Respiratory or skin sensitisation: dermal: non-sensitizer (Human, Patch Test)

Germ cell mutagenicity: Ames: negative (Salmonella typhimurium, Metabolic Activation: with/without)

### Carcinogenicity:

This product is or contains a component that has been reported to be possibly carcinogenic based on its IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or EPA classification.

IARC: 2B - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans (Ethylbenzene)

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity: no data available

Teratogenicity: no data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Globally Harmonized System) :no data available Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Globally Harmonized System): no data available

Aspiration hazard: no data available

Potential health effects: Inhalation May be harmful if inhaled. Causes respiratory tract irritation. Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed. Skin May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes skin irritation. Eyes Causes eye irritation.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: Central nervous system depression, Nausea, Headache, Vomiting, Ataxia., Tremors

Synergistic effects: no data available

Additional Information:

RTECS: DA0700000

## 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate (108-65-6) [24.3%]

Information on ecological effects

Toxicity:

Toxicity to fish mortality LC50 - Salmo gairdneri - 100 - 180 mg/l - 96 h. Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Toxicity to daphnia Immobilization EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - > 500 mg/l - 48 h. and other aquatic Method: Tested according to Annex V of Directive 67/548/EEC. invertebrates

Persistence and degradability: Biodegradability Biotic/Aerobic Result: 100 % - Readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential: no data available

Mobility in soil: no data available

PBT and vPvB assessment: no data available

Other adverse effects: Biochemical Oxygen 0.36 mg/l Demand (BOD)

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#### **Urethabond 111 Clear Part A**

Chemical Oxygen 1.74 mg/g Demand (COD)

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Harmful to aquatic life.

## Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester (763-69-9) [14.3%]

Information on ecological effects

Toxicity:

Toxicity to fish static test LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 55.3 mg/l - 96 h. Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

static test LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 45.3 mg/l - 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertabrates immobilization EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - > 479.7 mg/l - 48 h.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 invertebrates

Toxicity to algae Growth inhibition EC50 - Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae) - > 114.86 mg/l - 72 h. Method: OECD

Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to bacteria Growth inhibition IC50 - other microorganisms - > 5,000 mg/l - 16 h.

Persistence and degradability: no data available

Bioaccumulative potential: no data available

Mobility in soil: no data available

PBT and vPvB assessment: no data available

Other adverse effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Harmful to aquatic life.

## Xylene (mixed isomers) (1330-20-7) [3.5%]

Information on ecological effects

Toxicity:

LC50: 13.5 - 17.3 mg/l (Rainbow (Donaldson)Trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), 96 h)

Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates: 600 ug/L (Gammarus sp., 48 h)

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants: EC50: 10 mg/l, End Point: growth (other: algae, 72 h)

Persistence and degradability: > 60 %, Exposure time: 28 d, i.e. readily biodegradable

Bioaccumulative potential: no data available

Mobility in soil: no data available

PBT and vPvB assessment: no data available

Other adverse effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Toxic to aquatic life.

## Ethyl benzene (100-41-4) [3.5%]

Information on ecological effects

Coatings for Industry, Inc.



#### **Urethabond 111 Clear Part A**

Toxicity:

Toxicity to fish LC50 - Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow) - 88.00 mg/l - 96 h.

LC50 - Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill) - 80.00 mg/l - 96 h

NOEC - Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow) - 88 mg/l - 96 h

LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 4.2 mg/l - 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 2.90 mg/l - 48 h.

Persistence and degradability: no data available Bioaccumulative potential: no data available

Mobility in soil: no data available

PBT and vPvB assessment: no data available

Other adverse effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Toxic to aquatic life.

## 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method

Waste disposal should be in accordance with existing federal, state and local environmental control laws.

**Empty Container Precautions** 

Do not heat or cut container with electric or gas torch. Recondition or dispose of empty container in accordance with governmental regulations. Do not reuse empty container without proper cleaning. Label precautions also apply to this container when empty.

## 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN1263, Paint including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac solutions, varnish, polish, liquid filler, and liquid lacquer base, 3

\*If quantity is in a non bulk packaging (less than 119 gallons), this material ships as non regulated unless the combustible liquid is a hazardous substance or a hazardous waste.

IMO/IMDG ICAO/IATA

Hazarrd Label: Flammable Liquid Hazard Placard: Flammable Liquid

### 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Component (CAS#) [%] - CODES

2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate (108-65-6) [24.3%] TSCA

Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester (763-69-9) [14.3%] TSCA

RQ(100LBS), Xylene (mixed isomers) (1330-20-7) [3.5%] CERCLA, CSWHS, EPCRAWPC, HAP, MASS, NJHS, OSHAWAC, PA, SARA313, TOXICRCRA, TSCA, TXAIR, TXHWL

Ethyl benzene (100-41-4) [3.5%] CERCLA, CSWHS, EPCRAWPC, HAP, MASS, NJHS, OSHAWAC, PA, PRIPOL, SARA313, TOXICPOL, TSCA, TXAIR

Regulatory CODE Descriptions

Coatings for Industry, Inc.



#### **Urethabond 111 Clear Part A**

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RQ = Reportable Quantity
TSCA = Toxic Substances Control Act
CERCLA = Superfund clean up substance
CSWHS = Clean Water Act Hazardous substances
EPCRAWPC = EPCRA Water Priority Chemicals
HAP = Hazardous Air Pollutants
MASS = MA Massachusetts Hazardous Substances List
NJHS = NJ Right-to-Know Hazardous Substances
OSHAWAC = OSHA Workplace Air Contaminants
PA = PA Right-To-Know List of Hazardous Substances
SARA313 = SARA 313 Title III Toxic Chemicals
TOXICRCRA = RCRA Toxic Hazardous Wastes (U-List)
TXAIR = TX Air Contaminants with Health Effects Screening Level
TXHWL = TX Hazardous Waste List
PRIPOL = Clean Water Act Priority Pollutants
TOXICPOL = Clean Water Act Toxic Pollutants

## 16 OTHER INFORMATION

**NOTICE:** This information is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date below. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. Coatings For Industry, Inc. assumes no responsibility for personal injury or property damage to vendees, users, or third parties caused by the material. Such vendees or users assume all risks associated with the use of the material. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ from one location to another: it is the buyer's responsibility to ensure that its activities comply with federal, state or provincial, and local laws. The preceding specific information is made for the purpose of complying with numerous federal, state or provincial, and local laws and regulations.